

SPECIAL AREA FOR AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

BANDILYO
(announcement)



VOL. 7 (JULY 2021)



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SPECIAL AREA FOR AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

BANDILYO

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The SAAD *Bandilyo* is the official monthly publication of the **Special Area for Agricultural Development (SAAD) Program 8**, Department of Agriculture–Regional Field Office (DA–RFO) 8, Kanhuraw Hill, Tacloban City.

Formerly published as the quarterly newsletter, *Peryodikit*, the one–page maiden issue came out in March 2017. In January 2018, it morphed into a monthly newsletter. Then again, in May 2018 until December 2019, it became a two–page spread with an occasional feature story about farmer–beneficiaries.

In January 2020, *Bandilyo* (*Waray* for Announcement) has been reformatted into a twelve–page monthly magazine–type publication intended for the reading pleasure of SAAD Program management and decision makers, personnel and staff of DA–RFO 8, stakeholders, partner agencies, and the farmers themselves.

This periodical is a work of nonfiction. All of the people, events, and details described in its pages are real; there are no composite characters, fake names, invented quotes, or imagined conversations. Articles may be reproduced, in full or in part, provided appropriate acknowledgment is given.

From the Regional Focal Person's Desk..



I have always emphasized that SAAD Program's twin goals are: helping the 'poorest of the poor' farmers and attaining food security and sufficiency. Towards this end, we empower them through conduct of capability enhancement activities, provision of livelihood opportunities, and assistance in marketing their products, and to become entrepreneurs. This way, they are able to improve their productivity and increase their income, thereby uplifting them from the morass of poverty.

SOCIAL PREPARATION TRAININGS for SAAD Southern Leyte

Jocelyn A. Cabañas, Provincial Coordinator, PPMSO-Southern Leyte

April is indeed an amazing month as a series of trainings is being conducted in different parts of Southern Leyte where SAAD beneficiaries for FY 2021 are situated. A 3-day program intended for Community Needs Assessment and Capability Building Training for the following farmers' associations is currently ongoing:

Municipality	Name of Association	Date Conducted
Pintuyan	Canlawis Farmers Association	April 6-8, 2021
San Francisco	Sta. Paz Norte Farmers Association	April 12-14, 2021
	Pasanon Farmers Association	
Saint Bernard	Hinabian Farmers Association	April 19-21, 2021
	Libas Women's Association	
	Kaibigan Planters Development Ass'n.	
	Carnaga Farmers Association	April 21-23, 2021
Tabon-tabon Farmers Association		

During the 1st day of the Community Needs Assessment, farmer-beneficiaries were able to grasp relevant information on how important the projects will help individual families and the community. On the 2nd and 3rd days, the training for capability building was conducted on the following topics designed to help the association acquire a stronger foundation:

Capability-Building Topics
Transformational Leadership
Team Building
Values Formation
Farm Record Keeping
Effective Communication
Orientation on Loan Availment
Basic Computer Training

Association members expressed their heartfelt thanks for choosing them as recipients of SAAD Program for FY 2021. According to Mr. Jose Batas, member of Carnaga Farmers Association, this is his first time to attend a capability-building training before receiving farm inputs. The training will surely help in developing the members' leadership and team-building skills, fully equipping them emotionally and physically.



Canlawis Farmers Association, Pintuyan, Southern Leyte



Sta. Paz Norte Farmers Association
San Francisco, Southern Leyte



Hinabian Farmers Association
Saint Bernard, Southern Leyte



Pasanon Farmers Association, San Francisco, Southern Leyte



Libas Women's Association
Saint Bernard, Southern Leyte



Kaibigan Planters Development Association
Saint Bernard, Southern Leyte



Carnaga Farmers Association, Saint Bernard, Southern Leyte



Tabon-tabon Farmers Association, Saint Bernard, Southern Leyte

SAAD TESDA collaboration on FY 2020-2021 program implementation in Samar

Kristine Dorothea T. Danago, Provincial Coordinator, PPMO-Samar



PC Danago discussing the overview of SAAD program and its implementing guidelines.

A meeting attended by SAAD PPMO-Samar Team and TESDA Provincial Management was held at the TESDA Provincial Office, Catbalogan. The SAAD Team was composed of Provincial Coordinator Kristine Dorothea T. Danago, Area Coordinators Jocelyn G. Torres, Roy A. Tabontabon, Melissa P. Lacabe, Rianne B. Gula, Jacquenette P. Tondo, and Administrative Staff Honey R. Abas, while TESDA officials present were Provincial Director Enrico C. Banario and Assistant Provincial Director Prime V. Regis.

The activity was conducted to discuss the assistance related to FY 2021 proposed plans and projects that will be given to identified ELCAC areas in Samar. Before the meeting proper, a brief orientation on SAAD was first done by the PC Danago, including the implementing guidelines of the program. A list of the registered farmers' associations and identified barangays was then turned over to the TESDA officials.

Dir. Banario and Ass't. Dir. Regis said TESDA will extend its support to SAAD Program in the form of scholarships and free technical trainings. The assistance, which has a Php31 Million budget allocation, was targeted for six (6) associations, namely: San Antonio Integrated Farmers Association (SIFA), Basey, Samar; Mambog Organic Farmers Association and Mambog Farmers Association, Pinabacdao Samar; Buenavista Farmers Association, San Jorge, Samar; Integrated Farmer Returnees Association (IRFA), Matuguinao, Samar; and Mahangcao Upland Farmers Association, Calbiga, Samar.

According to Dir. Banario, these groups will be given an 8-day Training on Organic Vegetable Production. Add-on discussions will be included depending on the type of project the beneficiaries are involved in (i.e. Swine Production for Mambog Organic FA, Mambog FA, and IRFA; Native Chicken and Hybrid Corn Production for Mahangcao Upland FA; Mallard Duck Production for Buenavista FA; and Goat Production for SIFA. Dir. Banario also granted the request of SAAD Team to conduct free Entrepreneurial and Simplified Bookkeeping for all 40 groups.

Said trainings will start as soon as TESDA is given permit to conduct them in compliance with IATF rules, such as strict physical distancing and wearing of face masks by participants.

For FY 2021 onwards, the TESDA officials assured SAAD Program implementors that they will cross match the list given to them, and that they will propose a curriculum aligned with proposed projects of the program.

Marketing of products was also discussed. TESDA will help facilitate in tapping other government agencies in the promotion and enhancement of the associations' products, and finding markets for farmer-entrepreneurs of Samar.

In closing, PC Danago extended SAAD Program's gratitude to the TESDA Provincial Management for its total support, and assured TESDA that close coordination and constant updates will be done to accomplish the planned trainings.

Navigating Life in the face of disorienting change

Michael F. Dabuet, Information Officer I, RPSO

The world is currently reeling from a lot of challenges that have surfaced at a time of dystopia. Primarily, the onslaught of the new coronavirus pandemic has caused socioeconomic displacement of families and individuals who did not have ample preparation to set up appropriate social safety nets. It is public knowledge that COVID19, the pestilence that does not respect ideologies nor geographic boundaries, resulted in involuntary hunger, loss of jobs, confusion, and some mental health issues. This is compounded by the threat of natural and man-made calamities, pests and diseases, political upheavals, etc.

This year has turned out to be a year of trying to find meaningful purpose. It is the thought that a person or an organization can lose virtually everything and all that will be left is his/its purpose. SAAD Program's one-track purpose is to help alleviate farmers' suffering by empowering them through various initiatives despite so many factors impeding the progress of interventions. That the poor, vulnerable, and marginalized are not neglected is the primordial purpose of the program.

Despite all these things that are happening globally, there's a silver lining that farmers can look forward to. While being careful not to get sick, the program's office and field personnel continues to push forward in reaching out to those who have not yet received assistance from the government, to improve their lot in life. The latest strategy in this regard is in bringing the program's benefits to farmers living in ELCAC areas.

The End Local Communist Armed Conflict, or ELCAC, is governed by Executive Order 70, which aims to institutionalize the whole-of-nation approach in attaining inclusive and sustainable peace, create a national task force to end local communist armed conflict, and direct the adoption of a national peace framework. No less than the Department of Agriculture Sec. William D. Dar committed to allocate funds for these areas through SAAD Program in 2020.

In Eastern Visayas, a total of 88 municipalities and a host of barangays that are influenced and threatened are "conflict-affected areas and vulnerable communities. These are identified by the presence of armed conflict, widespread violence or other risks of harm to people or limited access to



basic services and/or lack of good governance which may foster insurgency."

SAAD Program personnel assigned in these areas, in coordination with other government line agencies and the military, have already started preliminary activities to introduce the program. This was done through the conduct of orientations, Grand Pulong-pulong, and barangay assemblies, and identification of potential recipients. Livelihood programs and lack of agricultural inputs (seeds and farm tools) were the main concerns commonly aired by the farmers' associations, hence, SAAD Program endeavors to address them with interventions suited to their needs.

To beneficiaries in the ELCAC communities, it means a lot to be chosen because of their political, and socioeconomic status instead of "in spite of." It can be empowering for these farmers who once considered themselves pariah. One of the common threads that wound through the fabric of many farmers from different backgrounds is their hunger and thirst for attention given them by the government. With this strategy of bringing them back into the fold of the law, they will feel the presence and concern of the government for them, thereby preventing recruitment and misleading by local insurgents in these area.

This move can be considered as part of long-term resilience and adaptation development models that will help communities, not only in ELCAC areas, better face poverty and reduce their future risks, but more importantly, "build back better" their lives and livelihood from pre-SAAD conditions.

As SAAD Program navigates its way amidst change, which is a constant, it moves forward with even greater promise knowing that all its supported projects are implemented to satisfy what is needed and lacking, and at the same time, build on future endeavors.



MORE Production EQUATES TO MORE INCOME

Floriel A, Royo, Area Coordinator II, PPMSO-Leyte



Farmer Rodolfo Mirante, Sr., 64 year-old resident of Brgy. Patong, Pastrana, Leyte, can be considered a successful beneficiary of SAAD Program. He has 4 children, all of whom are married and have stable families. He shares his home with his wife and granddaughter. He is an exemplary father, a passionate farmer, and an aspiring leader of Patong Farmers Association.

Before he learned about the program, Manong Rudy relied mainly on his banana plantation as source of income. The plantation sits on less than one hectare land, 1,000 sq.m. of which is devoted to intercropped *camote*, cassava, and pineapple. Formerly, his earning ranged from PhP1,000.00–2,000.00 per harvest, mostly on banana; the rootcrops were merely for home consumption.

In August 2019, the farmer and his children received a total of 6 heads hog, 6 bags starter feeds, 18 bags grower feeds, and 12 bags finisher feeds. His family belongs to Group 2 among four communal sites of the association. Of the 6 hogs he received, one was set aside for production, and five were marketed and sold for PhP33,000.00 after 4 months. A 10% share (PhP3,300.00) went to the association coffers, and PhP15,000.00 was spent to buy another 6 piglets as replacement. The remaining PhP14,700.00 was used to buy materials for constructing the pigpen.

His acquired smart farming skills made him successful. He always makes sure that production and marketing go together well. He admirably converted his sales proceeds to a fixed asset – a sturdy, concrete housing structure suitable for raising pigs.

According to Manong Rudy, *"Guintimangnuan ko gud an puhunan han SAAD kay dako na an kwarta nga sumulod ha akon. Nadire ako nga mawara an project kay ha pagkayana, nakuhida na ak hin darodako agui han baboy. Nakapalit na guihap ak hin kaldero nga gamit nam ha balay, ngan walo nga sem (galvanized iron) agui han SAAD."* (I took good care of SAAD's investment, which resulted in substantial net returns. I don't want to lose the project because for now I am already earning a lot because of my swine fattening project. I was able to buy cauldron and other necessities for the house, and 8 pcs. galvanized iron, all because of SAAD Program.)

At present, Manong Rudy is in his 4th fattening cycle. The hog he allotted for production bore 13 piglets during the 2nd cycle, and is currently pregnant for the 3rd cycle. Improvement in his family's life and project sustainability are very much evident. From swine fattening, the family is now engaged in swine production, which is advantageous to them, because instead of buying piglets from outside sources, the piglets they produce are risk-safe, low cost, and of high quality.

Manong Rudy plans to expand the size of his pigpen in anticipation for more production and increased income. He is now a certified entrepreneur, who goes by the saying, "One is never too old to set another goal, or to dream a new dream."



HABAY WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION: *A Promising Association of Women*

Cristy A. Bitos, Area Coordinator II, PPMSO-Sputhern Leyte



high vis-à-vis sustenance of the intake and egg-laying capacity of the ducks. What reassures the group is that the gross income has gradually increased and was no longer in the red by October 16, 2020, or just 3½ months of production.

Mallard duck production continues to this day with an encouraging boost to the

San Francisco is a 5th class coastal municipality, located in the island of Panaon in Southern Leyte. Nestled between a majestic mountain ridge and placid Sogod Bay, the town is dotted with rice fields surrounding the interconnecting highways and byways. In 2018, it was selected as one of the municipalities that would implement livelihood projects for individual beneficiaries funded by the Special Area for Agricultural Development (SAAD) Program.

Many farmers were blessed with projects, but the program changed course in 2020. Since then, projects were apportioned to selected registered associations, instead of individual farmers. One of four (4) associations selected to undertake projects in the current year is Habay Women's Association. It opted to engage on Mallard Duck and Vegetable Production Project under FY 2020 SAAD that has an allocated budget of Php1,028,680.00.

Habay Women's Association consists of 15 active members who are all inhabitants of Brgy. Habay in the municipality of San Francisco. The group espouses the Local Chief Executive's main advocacy, which is food security and creating livelihood opportunities for residents in the area. That is why it gained the active support of the Municipal Mayor, Hon. Fe G. Maruhom.

From Day 1 of monitoring and validation activities of the mallard duck communal area, it was observed that the association has been very enthusiastic to receive the thirty mallard ducks and feed allocation. According to Nanay Elsa Falon, one of the members, "Swerti na kaayo mi makadawat ani nga grasya gikan sa DA. Maong mangita mi'g pamaagi asa mi magtukod sa among butanganan sa bibi." (We are very lucky to receive this blessing from DA. That is why we'll find a way to look for an area where we will place the ducks.)

Through rainy or sunshiny weather, the women worked hard to establish their communal area prior to the delivery of the ducks. Monthly meetings were conducted to forge goodwill and strengthen relationships among the members, which bode well for the association. In the months that followed, the expansion of the communal area became their priority, with the help of barangay officials and the good Mayor.

After the first month of implementation in July 2020, no egg was produced and harvested. Instead, two mortalities (sudden death) occurred due to stress from travel during delivery. The following month, the mallard ducks had recovered, producing 363 fresh eggs of assorted sizes that were priced at Php7.00 each, garnering sales of Php2,178.00.

In September, production leapt to 2,991 fresh eggs, which were sold for Php20,937.00, and in the 1st quincena of October 2020, 1,520 pc. assorted eggs were sold for Php10,640.00. In terms of gross income, the result was still in the negative at first because the cost of feeds is

association. No mortality had been observed during the past 2 months. Commencing with fresh eggs, it has levelled up to incubated eggs for balutand penoy production. These by-products are sold not just in the neighborhood, but also in adjoining barangays due to increasing patronage through orders/reservation. Ready customers literally wait in line for these products that are fast becoming popular in the community.

Currently, the association continues to improve and expand its production area. There is a plan to conduct a meeting to discuss on its vegetable production project; however, as gatherings are strictly prohibited by the local government due to the protracted COVID19 pandemic, the plan has been temporarily deferred to an appropriate time in the future.

The incubation of fresh eggs for balutand penoy production will be heightened, according to association president Lluwelyn Escabal, who said that they will endeavor to incubate more freshly harvested eggs for this purpose, as they deem it more profitable. This would defray production costs and help in recovering the capital, she added.

Meanwhile, in a related development, San Francisco Municipal Agriculturist Bienvenido I. Saturinas, Jr. revealed about the Municipal Mayor's plan to provide financial and technical assistance to the association for possible salted egg production. This is a good sustainability strategy for this group of unassuming women who, at the outset, merely wanted to improve their lot in life, but are now showing much promise with their SAAD Mallard Duck Production Project.



ENTREPRENEUR *Rodulfo Mirante*: Getting better with age

Floriel A, Royo, Area Coordinator II, PPMSO-Leyte



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Positivity wins **WHENEVER** adverse circumstances arises

Rianne B. Gula, Area Coordinator II, PPMSO-Samar



for the housing of the swine. Village chief Bollido took two steps even further by joining the group and letting the members use his motorboat in transporting the animals from the drop-off point to the project location.

It was September 22, 2020 when the 8 gilts and 16 bags grower feeds were finally delivered. One of the challenges the association officials had to face was in carrying the hefty inputs from the poblacion to the barangay.

The weather during that day was harsh and they needed to travel by motorboat for about an hour coasting through the strong currents of the river. But assuring everyone that they will

Cantaguic is one of the interior barangays of San Jorge, Samar, where farming is the main livelihood of residents who are into rice and copra production. Located about 15 km. away from the poblacion, transportation is a major problem in reaching the barangay because the road leading to it is very rough and muddy, especially during inclement weather. As it is difficult to travel by land, another option is to ride in a motorboat with outrigger; however, it is equally risky because of strong undercurrents of the river.

Upon first validation by the assigned Area Coordinator, the barangay did not allow the raising of pigs because of sanitation problems, such as the foul smell emitted by the hogs. But as the saying goes, "Walang hindi nakukuha sa magandang usapan." (There is nothing to lose in an open, constructive dialogue.)

Association members convinced the community residents that they will see to it that their health and wellbeing are not compromised.

Due to the pandemic, there was slight delay in project implementation. In the meantime, PPMSO-Samar constantly coordinated with association president Rene T. Herbolario through phone calls and text messages to update him on the status of the project.

While waiting for the project to commence, a problem arose when the member who owns the area where the pig housing was supposed to be constructed changed his mind and did not want to become a member anymore, for the reason that "swine production is very tedious and laborious, like taking care of a baby." Because of this, it affected the outlook of other members; hence, they thought of letting each member raise the pigs individually.

However, association leaders remained steadfast and positive in their resolve to proceed with the project. During the meeting attended by Municipal Agriculturist Anita Cabral, SAAD field personnel, and the Barangay Council, Brgy. Chairman Gerardo D. Bollido decided to let the association use his lot, which is located approximately 10 min. from the barangay proper across the river,

make it and imploring their trust, officials emphasized that this is just the start of a monumental challenge - if they don't persist from there, they will all fall. Notwithstanding the situation, there were smiles on their weary faces and unbridled excitement while carrying the gilts to the barangay. They accepted the project wholeheartedly and the responsibilities that go with it, pledging that they will make the project prosper and succeed.

The association was honest enough in saying that they lack experience in managing a swine production project, but they are confident that the Special Area for Agricultural Development Program will guide them, in tandem with the local Municipal Agriculturist's Office.

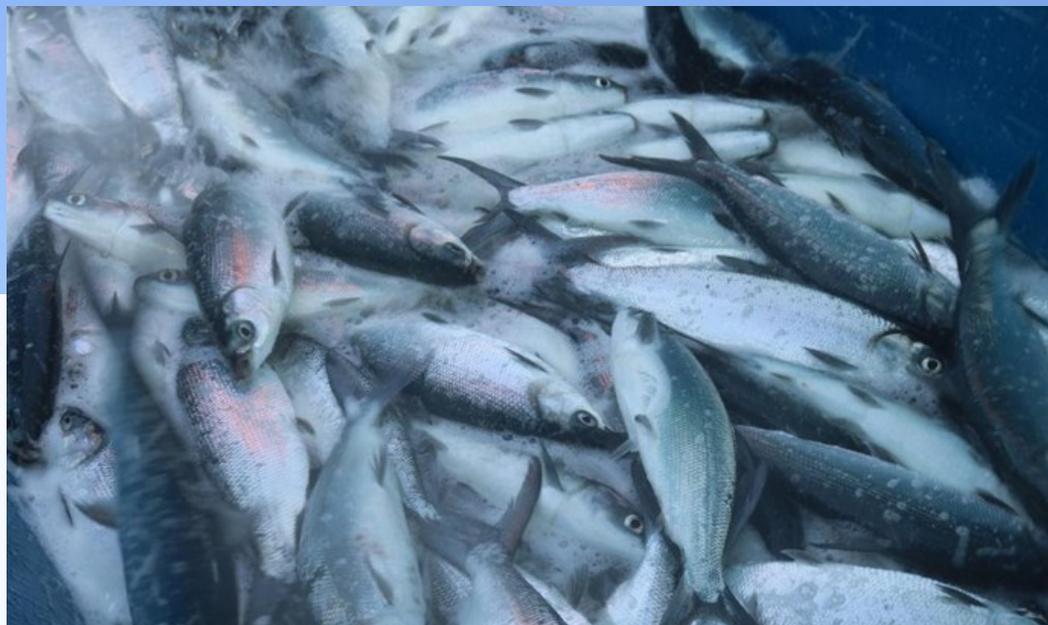
No words can measure the members' gratitude to SAAD Program. Mere 'thank you' was not enough for the confidence that the program has entrusted to them. According to association president Herbolario, "The project will serve as ladder that we can use to climb out of the poverty trap that has enslaved generations of family members of the Cantaguic Farmers Association."

Over 400,000 hogs have been culled nationwide so far to prevent the further spread of African Swine Fever (ASF), according to the Bureau of Animal Industry, and swine de-population has caused heavy income losses, particularly to small-scale backyard hog raisers. Pork supply could tighten and push prices further up. Officials say the 403,206 pigs depopulated as of December 5, 2020 constitute 3.6% of the 11.27 Million total hog inventory nationwide. ASF has so far affected hogs in 10 regions, 32 provinces, 378 municipalities, and 2,024 barangays.*

With this scenario, SAAD Program in Region 8 tries its best to support budding associations in their effort to raise and propagate healthy, good quality hogs to maintain the sustainable supply of hog meat. This has been done relatively successfully in Southern Leyte, there is no reason that Samar could not duplicate the success that other hog farmers are enjoying now.

It's a Team Effort

With permission to reprint article from BFAR 8



Unity and strength can be found at the core of every team. Even with a common goal, a group of people coming together does not necessarily form a team, unless they are in sync and individual members contribute their strength towards a common goal. This cooperation will ultimately lead a team to achieve its objectives. On the other hand, the unwillingness of members to support the goals of the team can be a cause of internal strife that may lead to its demise.

Hermilina Mamac, a fisherfolk of Brgy. Nahaong, Libagon, Southern Leyte, acknowledged that to make a living from the ocean, combined effort from a group of people is necessary. She must know and trust these people and they must be one with her in improving their living condition and livelihood. She knew without a doubt that the very people who would help her are her friends and neighbors. So, she organized the Barangay Nahaoang Fisherfolk Association.

Leading an association with more than 30 members was a big responsibility and she realized that while working hard for the betterment of the association should be done, she also needed to be smart and perceptive.

With the consensus of the members, they opted to register their association with government agencies, such as the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE) and the Local Government Unit of Libagon, so they could be acknowledged and become eligible to avail of loan programs from private banks or cooperatives, as well as apply for assistance from different agencies.

The assistance coming from PLGU–Southern Leyte and other NGOs enabled the association to finally operate a fish cage. All the members worked hard for its success so 'Nang Hermilina decided to make the project entrepreneurial to sustain their community's

needs for a longer period of time. She wanted their profit to be allotted for the expansion of the project, and she asked the members if their share could be used as capital for the expansion to guarantee its sustainability.

"Sa primero ang among miyembro mga 30, unja ningundang ang uban tungod kay sinugdanan wa mi

magbahin kay ang akoo jud makakapital mi sa kanang cage, lisod man ang magbuhi nga wa kay pangkapital kay mangutang pa." (At first, we had 30 members, but some left because they were not given their share of the profit. Since it is difficult to continue the business without running capital, I wanted the profit to serve as such for the development of the business and to avoid being buried in debts.) She expressed as she recounted the struggles of establishing a viable business and encouraging her members to see the advantages of continuing their livelihood.

A number of her members rejected her motion, but the few who believed in her vision remained with her. So, she finally found her A-team. Though the association suffered some losses, "Nang Hermilina persevered with the business, and soon enough, with the implementation of SAAD Program in Southern Leyte, the association once again established its Bangus Fish Cage Culture.

Scoring a win

Through SAAD Program, Barangay Nahaong Fisherfolk Association received input materials for its fish cage, comprising of 6,500 milkfish fingerlings and 185 sacks feeds in December 2019. As the association wanted to become knowledgeable and improve their skills, they attended an Orientation on Bangus Fish Cage Culture conducted by the Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Region 8, through the Provincial Fishery Office of Southern Leyte.

Equipped with technical knowhow, the determination to improve the association, and finally create profits from their venture, the lady and her members worked tirelessly for months. Their hard work finally paid off when harvest time came as the members decided to partially harvest their milkfish. They recorded a production of 1,597 kg. valued at PhP207,610.00. As buyers continued to flock and ask for their product, the association decided to totally harvest their milkfish, and an additional 411 kg. valued at PhP50,000.00 was earned by the association.

With their earnings, they managed to secure the capital for their second cropping. This time, not only for a single fish cage, but they targeted to operate two fish cages. The group decided to set aside 10% of their earnings to be divided among themselves as incentive and reward for hard work. True indeed that for a seed to grow, one should be patient to water it with hard work and perseverance in order to reap its fruits.

"Pasalamat jud mi sa BFAR ug sa SAAD Program nga natabangan mi, kay sa sinugdanan murag gui-neglect man mi sa ubang ahensiya, pero sa pagkakaran wa jud mutalikod sa amoa ang BFAR." (We are thankful to both BFAR and SAAD Program because unlike other organizations, they did not neglect our needs.) 'Nang Hermilina expressed her gratitude to both agencies for entrusting them with the interventions and believing in the capability of their association to nurture the project.

"Ang among problema karon ang butanganan sa among mga gamit kay nagbuag-buag sila kay wa mi kabutangan, unja ang among feeds kaonon sa iro kay dili masaradohan ngadtoa." she stated. ("We have a problem with our storage facility, because we don't have one. Materials are scattered in more than one place and the feeds are sometimes eaten by stray dogs, because the temporary shelter cannot be closed properly.")

Since they are temporarily keeping their materials in one of their members' houses, she wants to construct a storage shed where they can securely store their materials used in fishing and in fish cage farming, such as nets, drums, and most importantly the milkfish feeds. 'Nang Hermilina further plans to procure a new set of motorboat to aid them in their aquaculture venture.

As the lady has experienced the power that a cohesive team can deliver, she encouraged all fisherfolk and fisherfolk associations to help each other and work together for the betterment of their association, which will not only benefit their families but also their community for a long time.



Hermilina Mamac, SAAD Program beneficiary of Brgy. Nahaong, Libagon, Southern Leyte



Milkfish Harvest from the fish cages of Brgy. Nahaong Fisherfolk Association



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